## MARMON/KEYSTONE LLC

THE PIPE AND TUBING PEOPLE

P.O. BOX 992, Butler, PA 16003-0992 **EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER (724) 283-3000** 

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# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

TRADE NAME (Common Name or Synonym)

Aluminum Alloy

**CHEMICAL NAME** 

Alloy Series 1000, 2000, 3000, 5000, 6000 and 7000

#### I. INGREDIENTS

			EXPOSURE LIMITS		
Material or Component	CAS Number	% Weight	OSHA PEL (mg/m²)	ACGIH TLV (mg/m³)	
Base Metal				¥	
Aluminum (Al)	7429-90-5	90-99.7	15 Dust	10.0 Metal Dust & Oxide 5.0 Welded Furne	
Alloying Elements				ore trouggled lettle	
Chromium (Cr)	7440-47-3	< 0.01-0.4	1.0 Chrome Metal	0.5 Chrome Metal	
Copper (Cu)	7440-50-8	<0.05-6.0	0.1 Furne/1.0 Dust	0.2 Fume/1.0 Dust	
fron (Fe)	1309-37-1	< 0.35-1.0	10 Oxide Fume	5 Oxide Furne	
Magnesium (Mg)	1309-48-4	< 0.03-4.9	15 Oxide Fume	10 Oxide Fume	
Manganese (Mn)	7439-96-5	< 0.02-1.5	5c Dust/5c Fume	5c Dúst/1 Fume	
Silicon (Si)	7440-21-3	< 0.25-1.8	15 Dust	10 Total Dust	
Zinc (Zn)	1314-13-2	< 0.05-6.1	5 Oxide Fume	10 Dust/5 Fume	
Lead (Pb)	7439-92-1	< 0.40-0.7	.05 Dust & Fume	0.15 Dust & Fume	

Note: Aluminum alloys will be comprised of various combinations of the elements shown above. In addition, other alloying elements may be present in minute quantities. No permissible exposure limits (PEL) or threshold limit values (TLV) exist for eluminum alloys. Values shown are applicable to component elements.

#### II. PHYSICAL DATA

-110110 - 00110 - 010		NCE AND ODOR	% VOLATILE BY VOLUME	VAPOR DENSITY	
		Grey, Odorless	N/A	N/A	
ACIDITY/ALKALINITY pH=N/A	Melting Point 900- Boiling Point N/			ty $(H_20) = 1$ ) Approx. 2.5-2 rater (% by weight) Negligi	

### III. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION Appropriate dust/mist/fume respirator should be used to avoid excessive inhalation of particulates. If exposure limits are reached or exceeded, use NIOSH approved equipment.	HANDS, ARMS AND BODY Protective gloves should be worn as required for welding, burning or handling operations.	
EYES AND FACE Safety glasses should be worn when grinding or cutting. Face shields should be worn when welding or cutting.	OTHER CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT As required depending on operations and safety codes.	

### IV. EMERGENCY MEDICAL PROCEDURES

INHALATION:
EYE CONTACT:
SKIN CONTACT:
INCESTION:

Remove to fresh air; if condition continues, consult a physician.

Flush thoroughly with running water to remove particulate; obtain medical attention.

Remove particles by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if condition persists.

If significant amounts of metal are ingested, consult physician.

# V. HEALTH/SAFETY INFORMATION

Health	considered a nuise high in copper (20 respiratory tract it as fume; however in which they are nervous system changes. The well and ultraviolet rach MEDICAL COND bronchitis, emph.	ince dust. Toxicity 000 and 7000 set rritation, nauses, a r, they do not press present. Overexpe disturbances, rens ding of aluminum a diation. ITIONS AGGRAV ysema, etc.) may	ies) may present to the man material fume few man a carcinogenic consure to lead fume to lead fu	the potential for overer er. Nickel and chromiu or other health concern s over an extended per eral neuropathy, gastro a carbon monoxide, car JRE: Individuals with ted by any fume or air Ingredients Section I.	cosure to m are other due to theil jod of time pointestinal bon dioxide chronic re- borne parti	health risk by inhalation and are usually itent. Welding and plasma cutting of alloys copper fumes which can result in upper a ralloying elements considered hazardous ir low concentrations of the chemical form can result in such toxic effects as central disturbances, anemia, and chromosomal e, ozone nitrogen oxides, infrared radiation spiratory disorders (i.e.: asthma, chronic culate matter exposure.		
ion	FLASH POINT	AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE		FLAMMABLE LIMITS Lower N Upper A	%	EXTINGUISHING MEDIA  For molten aluminum use dry powder or sand.		
Fire and Explosion		OSION HAZARDS lar products do no onditions.	do not present ine di oxpositioni			EXTINGUISHING MEDIA NOT TO BE USED  Do not use water or halogen agents on molten aluminum.		
	Stable  CONDITIONS T	m hydroxide in cui	Reacts with strum products under tact with eluminur	201.4	stable duri	ing use, storage and transportation. Halogen is of hydrogen. Finely divided aluminum, such a mixtures in air in the presence of bromates, trable heat generation.		
Reactivity								
			A	ou exemples	11	81 ·		

## VI. ENVIRONMENTAL

### SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Fine turnings and small chips should be swept or vacuumed. Scrap metal can be reclaimed for re-use.

### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD\*

Used or unused product should be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State or Local Laws and Regulations. \*Disposer must comply with Federal, State and Local disposal or discharge laws.

# VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Do not touch cast aluminum metal or heated aluminum product without knowing metal temperature. Aluminum experiences no color change during heating. Burns could result. Series 2000 and 7000 alloys should be stress relieved prior to sawing or cutting to avoid cracking. Aluminum powder must be packaged and shipped as a flammable solid. Minimize and control operations producing dust and furns.

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